Infinitive v. -ing Form

Put the verbs in brackets into the **Infinitive** (with or without *to*) or into the **-ing Form**.

Example:

John wants *to play* (*play*) with his friends, but he can’t. He must *study* (*study*) now.

Jane likes *eating* (*eat*) ice cream.

1. I like her. She always makes me ………………………… (laugh).
2. He enjoys ………………………… (walk) in the rain.
3. Please help me ………………………… (move) the furniture.
4. The man denied ………………………… (steal) the car.
5. I didn’t mean ………………………… (hurt) you. Sorry.
6. She promised ………………………… (help) me.
7. I remember ………………………… (see) you in Brazil five years ago.
8. I expect ………………………… (see) them soon.
9. You must stop ………………………… (smoke). It is not good for you.
10. You’d better ………………………… (study).
11. Would you mind ………………………… (do) the washing-up?
12. It is easy for you ………………………… (say). You don’t know her.
13. I can’t help ………………………… (see) her.
14. He used ………………………… (smoke) two packets of cigarettes a day.
15. They are looking forward to ………………………… (come) to our wedding.
16. I watched him ………………………… (climb) the tree.
17. I am not used to ………………………… (use) this camera. Can you teach me?
18. Maria prefers walking to ………………………… (go) by bus.
19. Rather than ………………………… (stay) at home and study he went to the cinema.
20. Thanks for ………………………… (drop) by. It was nice to see you again.
21. I’d rather ………………………… (stay) at home tonight.
22. It’s better ………………………… (be) at the airport early than late.
23. Why do you keep ………………………… (avoid) ………………………… (see) me?
24. We used ………………………… (see) each other every day.
25. She had her husband ………………………… (paint) the house.
Put the verbs in brackets into the *Infinitive* (with or without *to*) or into the *-ing Form*.

Example:
John wants *to play* (play) with his friends, but he can’t. He must *study* (study) now.
Jane likes *eating* (eat) ice cream.

1. I like her. She always makes me *laugh* (laugh).
2. He enjoys *walking* (walk) in the rain.
3. Please help me *move* (move) the furniture.
4. The man denied *stealing* (steal) the car.
5. I didn’t mean *to hurt* (hurt) you. Sorry.
6. She promised *to help* (help) me.
7. I remember *seeing* (see) you in Brazil five years ago.
8. I expect *to see* (see) them soon.
9. You must stop *smoking* (smoke). It is not good for you.
10. You’d better *study* (study).
11. Would you mind *doing* (do) the washing-up?
12. It is easy for you *to say* (say). You don’t know her.
13. I can’t help *seeing* (see) her.
14. He used *to smoke* (smoke) two packets of cigarettes a day.
15. They are looking forward to *coming* (come) to our wedding.
16. I watched him *climb* (climb) the tree.
17. I am not used to *using* (use) this camera. Can you teach me?
18. Maria prefers walking to *going* (go) by bus.
19. Rather than *stay* (stay) at home and study he went to the cinema.
20. Thanks for *dropping* (drop) by. It was nice to see you again.
21. I’d rather *stay* (stay) at home tonight.
22. It’s better *to be* (be) at the airport early than late.
23. Why do you keep *avoiding* (avoid) *seeing* (see) me?
24. We used *to see* (see) each other every day.
25. She had her husband *paint* (paint) the house.