

Adjectives

Complete the sentences, using the *opposite* of the adjectives in brackets.

Example:

Her English is very (bad)

Her English is very *good*. (bad)

1. The service is very (quick)
2. The car is very (cheap)
3. The dictionary is (thin)
4. My brother is (weak)
5. Her car is (old)
6. Sumo wrestlers are (thin)
7. The man is very (poor)
8. The Eiffel Tower is (short)
9. The actress is (ugly)
10. The Amazon River is very (short)
11. In the North Pole it is very (hot)
12. The woman is (happy)
13. The bottle is (empty)
14. My bicycle is (new)
15. The shop is very (near)
16. The lesson is (boring)
17. The suitcase is very (light)
18. My sister is (fat)
19. Mrs. Smith is (old)
20. It is very (late)
21. The building is (beautiful)
22. The dress is (long)
23. His heart is (strong)
24. I am (full)

Adjectives

Complete the sentences, using the *opposite* of the adjectives in brackets.

Example:

Her English is very (bad)

Her English is very *good*. (bad)

1. The service is very *slow*. (quick)
2. The car is very *expensive*. (cheap)
3. The dictionary is *thick*. (thin)
4. My brother is *strong*. (weak)
5. Her car is *new*. (old)
6. Sumo wrestlers are *fat*. (thin)
7. The man is very *rich*. (poor)
8. The Eiffel Tower is *tall*. (short)
9. The actress is *beautiful*. (ugly)
10. The Amazon River is very *long*. (short)
11. In the North Pole it is very *cold*. (hot)
12. The woman is *sad*. (happy)
13. The bottle is *full*. (empty)
14. My bicycle is *old*. (new)
15. The shop is very *far*. (near)
16. The lesson is *interesting*. (boring)
17. The suitcase is very *heavy*. (light)
18. My sister is *thin*. (fat)
19. Mrs. Smith is *young*. (old)
20. It is very *early*. (late)
21. The building is *ugly*. (beautiful)
22. The dress is *short*. (long)
23. His heart is *weak*. (strong)
24. I am *hungry*. (full)